## **SIEMENS**



# SIMATIC

S7-1500 / ET 200MP

Digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM (6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0)

Manual

Translation of original operating instructions



## **SIEMENS**

## **SIMATIC**

ET 200MP Digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM (6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0)

Manual

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#### Legal information

#### Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

#### **▲** DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### **A**WARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### **A**CAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

#### **Qualified Personnel**

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

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Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

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We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

## **Preface**

#### Purpose of the documentation

This manual supplements the system manual S7-1500 Automation System. You can find information on the functions that apply generally to the S7-1500 automation system and the ET 200MP distributed I/O system in the system manual S7-1500 Automation System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792).

The information provided in this manual and the system manual enables you to commission the S7-1500 automation system and ET 200MP distributed I/O system.

#### Conventions

STEP 7: In this documentation, "STEP 7" is used as a synonym for all versions of the configuration and programming software "STEP 7 (TIA Portal)".

Please also observe the notes identified as follows:

#### Note

A note includes important information on the product described in the documentation, on handling the product or on the part of the documentation to which particular attention should be paid.

Important note for maintaining the operational safety of your system

#### Note

The operators of systems with safety-related characteristics must adhere to specific operational safety requirements. The supplier is also obliged to comply with special product monitoring measures. Siemens informs system operators by means of personal notifications about product developments and properties which may be or become important issues in terms of operational safety.

You should subscribe to the corresponding notifications in order to obtain the latest information and to allow you to make any necessary modifications to your system.

Log in to Industry Online Support. Follow the links below and click on "Email on update" on the right-hand side in each case:

- SIMATIC S7-300/S7-300F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13751&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC S7-400/S7-400H/S7-400F/FH (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13828&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC S7-1500/SIMATIC S7-1500F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13716&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC S7-1200/SIMATIC S7-1200F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13683&lc=en-WW)
- Distributed I/O (<a href="https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=14029&lc=en-ww">https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=14029&lc=en-ww</a>)
- STEP 7 (TIA Portal) (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=14340&lc=en-WW)

#### Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, solutions, machines, equipment and/or networks. They are important components in a holistic industrial security concept. With this in mind, Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development. Siemens recommends strongly that you regularly check for product updates.

For the secure operation of Siemens products and solutions, it is necessary to take suitable preventive action (e.g. cell protection concept) and integrate each component into a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Third-party products that may be in use should also be considered. You can find more information about industrial security on the Internet (http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity).

To stay informed about product updates as they occur, sign up for a product-specific newsletter. You can find more information on the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com).

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Open-source software is used in the firmware of the product described. Open Source Software is provided free of charge. We are liable for the product described, including the open-source software contained in it, pursuant to the conditions applicable to the product. Siemens accepts no liability for the use of the open source software over and above the intended program sequence, or for any faults caused by modifications to the software.

For legal reasons, we are obliged to publish the original text of the license conditions and copyright notices. Please read the information relating to this in the appendix.

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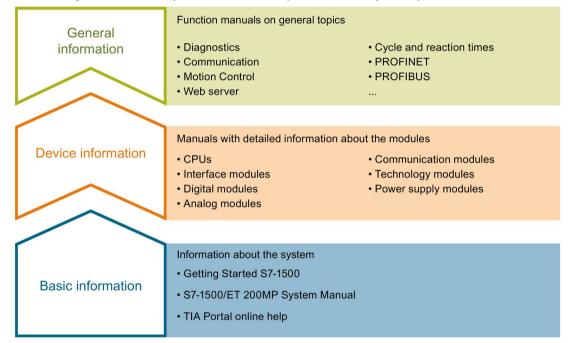
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Documentation guide

#### 1.1 Guide to documentation S7-1500 / ET 200MP

The documentation for the SIMATIC S7-1500 automation system and the SIMATIC ET 200MP distributed I/O system is arranged into three areas.

This arrangement enables you to access the specific content you require.



#### **Basic information**

The System Manual and Getting Started describe in detail the configuration, installation, wiring and commissioning of the SIMATIC S7-1500 and ET 200MP systems. The STEP 7 online help supports you in the configuration and programming.

#### **Device information**

Product manuals contain a compact description of the module-specific information, such as properties, wiring diagrams, characteristics and technical specifications.

#### General information

The function manuals contain detailed descriptions on general topics regarding the SIMATIC S7-1500 and ET 200MP systems, e.g. diagnostics, communication, Motion Control, Web server.

You can download the documentation free of charge from the Internet (<a href="http://www.automation.siemens.com/mcms/industrial-automation-systems-simatic/en/manual-overview/tech-doc-controllers/Pages/Default.aspx">http://www.automation.siemens.com/mcms/industrial-automation-systems-simatic/en/manual-overview/tech-doc-controllers/Pages/Default.aspx</a>).

Changes and supplements to the manuals are documented in a Product Information.

You can download the product information free of charge from the Internet.

#### 1.1 Guide to documentation S7-1500 / ET 200MP

#### Manual Collection S7-1500/ET 200MP

The Manual Collection contains the complete documentation on the SIMATIC S7-1500 automation system and the ET 200MP distributed I/O system gathered together in one file.

You can find the Manual Collection on the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/86140384).

#### "mySupport"

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You can export the manual as PDF file or in a format that can be edited later.

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#### "mySupport" - CAx data

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You configure your own download package with a few clicks.

In doing so you can select:

- Product images, 2D dimension drawings, 3D models, internal circuit diagrams, EPLAN macro files
- Manuals, characteristics, operating manuals, certificates
- Product master data

You can find "mySupport" - CAx data on the Internet (http://support.industry.siemens.com/my/ww/en/CAxOnline).

#### Application examples

The application examples support you with various tools and examples for solving your automation tasks. Solutions are shown in interplay with multiple components in the system - separated from the focus on individual products.

You will find the application examples on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/sc/ww/en/sc/2054).

#### **TIA Selection Tool**

With the TIA Selection Tool, you can select, configure and order devices for Totally Integrated Automation (TIA).

This tool is the successor of the SIMATIC Selection Tool and combines the known configurators for automation technology into one tool.

With the TIA Selection Tool, you can generate a complete order list from your product selection or product configuration.

You can find the TIA Selection Tool on the Internet (http://w3.siemens.com/mcms/topics/en/simatic/tia-selection-tool).

Product overview 2

## 2.1 Properties

Order number

6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0

#### View of the module

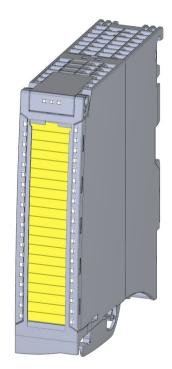


Image 2-1 View of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM module

#### **Properties**

- Technical properties
  - Fail-safe digital module for use in the S7-1500 automation system and in the ET 200MP distributed I/O system.
  - PROFIsafe
  - PROFIsafe address type 2
  - Supports the RIOforFA-Safety profile (on S7-1500 F-CPUs)
  - 8 output PM-switching or PP-switching in 2 channel groups (SIL3/Cat.4/PLe)
  - Supply voltage L+
  - Output current per output 2 A
  - Source output (PM/PP-switching)
  - Suitable for solenoid valves, DC contactors and signal lamps
  - Status display RUN (green LED)
  - Status display module diagnostics (red LED)
  - Status display channel status/channel diagnostics per output (green/red LED)
  - Status display supply voltage (green LED)
  - Diagnostics, e.g., short-circuit/wire break/load voltage missing, channel-specific
  - Channel-specific or module-wide passivation
- Supported functions
  - Firmware update
  - I&M identification data

## **A**WARNING

The fail-safe performance characteristics in the technical specifications apply for a mission time of 20 years and a repair time of 100 hours. If a repair within 100 hours is not possible, switch off the supply voltage of the affected module before 100 hours expires. The module switches off independently after the 100 hours have expired.

Follow the repair procedure described in section Diagnostic alarms (Page 46).

#### Accessories

The following accessories are supplied with the module and can also be ordered as spare part:

- Labeling strips
- U-connector
- Universal front cover
- Electronic coding element

#### 2.1 Properties

#### Additional components

The following component is to be ordered separately:

Front connector incl. potential bridges and cable ties

You can find additional information on accessories in the S7-1500/ET 200MP (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792) system manual.

#### Passivation of fail-safe outputs over a long period of time



#### Unintentional activation of F-I/O with fail-safe outputs

If an F-I/O with fail-safe outputs is passivated for a period longer than that specified in the safety parameters (> 100 hours) and the fault remains uncorrected, you need to exclude the possibility that the F-I/O can be activated unintentionally by a second fault, and thus place the F-system in a dangerous state.

Even though it is highly unlikely that such hardware faults occur, you must prevent the unintentional activation of F-I/O with fail-safe outputs by using circuit measures or organizational measures.

One possibility is the shutdown of the power supply of the passivated F-I/O within a time period of 100 hours, for example.

The required measures are standardized for plants with product standards.

For all other plants, the plant operator must create a concept for the required measures and have it approved by the inspector.

#### Property of the individual shutdown of F-modules with fail-safe outputs:

A channel-specific shutdown occurs when a fault is detected. It is also possible to react to critical process states staggered over time or to perform safety-related shutdown of individual outputs.

Connecting

### 3.1 Block diagram

This section includes:

- The block diagram with the general pin assignment of the F-module.
- An example for switching of loads with ground.

For information on parameter assignment of the F-module, refer to "Parameters/address space (Page 18)".

Information on different connection options is available in the section Applications of the F-I/O module (Page 32).

You can find information on wiring the front connectors and creating the cable shielding, etc., in the Wiring section of the system manual Automation System S7-1500 (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792).

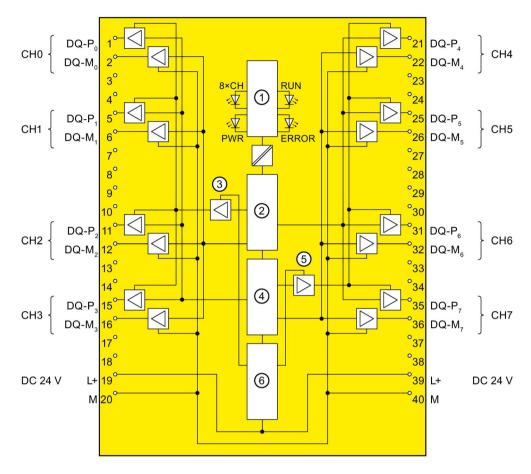


To protect the F-module, always install an external fuse with the following properties for the load circuit: Circuit-breaker 24 V DC/16 A, tripping characteristic type B.

#### 3.1 Block diagram

#### **Block diagram**

The following figure shows the assignment of channels to addresses.



1	Backplane bus interface	$DQ-M_n$	Ground for output bit n, channel n, M-switching
2	Microcontroller 1	L+	Supply voltage 24 V DC
3	P1 switch for channel groups 0 to 3	M	Chassis ground
4	Microcontroller 2	СН	Channel or LED channel status, channel diagnostics (green, red)
<b>⑤</b>	P1 switch for channel groups 4 to 7	PWR	LED supply voltage (green)
6	Reverse polarity protection	RUN	RUN LED (green)
DQ-P <sub>n</sub>	Output bit n, channel n, P-switching	ERROR	LED module diagnostics (red)

Note:

- In PP operation, the DQ M channels are not used.
- Terminal 19 and 39 (L+) bridged internally
- Terminal 20 and 40 (M) bridged internally

Note the maximum permissible cable cross-sections and use both terminals, if necessary.

Image 3-1 Block diagram of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

#### Switching of loads with ground if the F-module is configured PM-switching

If the following two conditions are met, F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM detects a short-circuit:

- If loads that have a connection between chassis and ground are switched by the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM (for example, to improve the EMC properties).
- If chassis and ground are connected at the power supply unit.

From the perspective of the F-module, the M-switch is bridged by the chassis-ground connection (refer to the diagram below for an example).

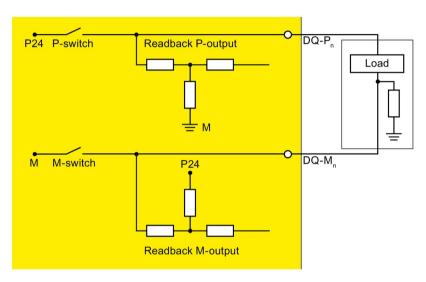


Image 3-2 Switching of grounded loads (resistance between chassis and ground)

#### Remedy:

- Increase the parameters "Max. readback time dark test" and "Max. readback time switchon test".
- Increase the value of the resistance between chassis and ground at the load end to more than 100 k $\Omega$ .

#### Or:

• Use the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM configured as a PP-switching module.

Parameters/address space

4

### 4.1 Parameters

#### **Parameters**



Diagnostic functions must be activated or deactivated in accordance with the application, see section Applications of the F-I/O module (Page 32).

Table 4- 1 Parameters for F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

Parameter	Value range	Parameter reas- signment in RUN	Scope
F-parameters:			
Manual assignment of F-monitoring time	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	No	Module
F-monitoring time	1 to 65535 ms	No	Module
F-source address	1 to 65534	No	Module
F-destination address	1 to 65534	No	Module
F-parameter signature (without address)	0 to 65535	No	Module
Behavior after channel fault	<ul><li>Passivate channel</li><li>Passivate the entire module</li></ul>	No	Module
Reintegration after channel fault	<ul><li>Adjustable</li><li>All channels automatically</li><li>All channels manually</li></ul>	No	Module
F-I/O DB manual number assignment	Disable     Enable	No	Module
F-I/O DB-number	_	No	Module
F-I/O DB name	_	No	Module
DQ parameters:			
Maximum test period	• 100 s • 1000 s	No	Module
Operating mode of the output	PM-switching mode     PP switching	No	Module

Parameter	Value range	Parameter reas- signment in RUN	Scope
Channel parameters in operating	mode PM-switching:		•
Channel n			
Diagnostics: Wire break	Disable	No	Channel
	Enable		
Channel activated	Disable	No	Channel
	Enable		
Channel failure acknowledge	Manual	No	Channel
	Automatic		
	The value range offered depends on the F-CPU in use and on the configuration of the F-parameter "Reintegration after channel fault".		
Max. readback time dark test	0.8 to 400.0 ms	No	Channel
Disable dark test for 48 hours	Disable	No	Channel
	Enable		
Max. readback time switch on test	0.8 to 5.0 ms	No	Channel
Activated light test	Disable	No	Channel
	Enable		
Channel parameters in operating mode PP-switching:			
Channel n			
Diagnostics: Wire break	Disable	No	Channel
	Enable		
Channel activated	Disable	No	Channel 17
	Enable		(Channel 0 always enabled)
Channel failure acknowledge	Manual	No	Channel
	Automatic		
	The value range offered depends on the F-CPU in use and on the configuration of the F-parameter "Reintegration after channel fault".		
Max. readback time dark test	0.8 to 400.0 ms	No	Module
			(Channel 0)
Disable dark test for 48 hours	Disable	No	Module
Max. readback time switch on	0.8 to 5.0 ms	No	Module
test			(Channel 0)
Activated light test	Enable	No	Module

### 4.2 Explanation of parameters

#### 4.2.1 F-parameters

You must assign the PROFIsafe address (F-destination address together with F-source address) to the F-module before you put it into operation.

- You define the F-source address using the "Basis for PROFIsafe addresses" parameter in the F-CPU.
- An F-destination address unique throughout the CPU is automatically assigned for each F-module. You can manually change the F-destination addresses set in the hardware configuration.

You can find information on F-parameters for the F-monitoring time, the PROFIsafe address assignment (F-source address, F-destination address) and the F I/O DB in the manual SIMATIC Safety - Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126).

#### 4.2.1.1 Behavior after channel fault

This parameter is used to specify whether the entire F-module is passivated or just the faulty channel(s) in the event of channel faults:

- "Passivate the entire module"
- "Passivate channel"

#### 4.2.1.2 Reintegration after channel fault

Use this parameter to select how the channels of the fail-safe module are reintegrated after a fault.

#### Use in S7-300/400 F-CPUs

This parameter is always set to "Adjustable" when you use the fail-safe module in S7-300/400 F-CPUs.

You make the required setting in the F-I/O DB of the fail-safe module.

#### Use in S7-1500 F-CPUs

When using the fail-safe module in S7-1500 F-CPUs, you set this parameter in the STEP 7 dialog of the fail-safe module:

- "Adjustable"
- "All channels automatically"
- "All channels manually"

If you have set the "Behavior after channel fault" parameter to "Passivate channel", you enable individual setting of the reintegration type per channel with the parameter assignment "Adjustable". The reintegration type of the respective channel is specified with the "Channel failure acknowledge" channel parameter.

If you have set the "Behavior after channel fault" parameter to "Passivate the entire module", you can only select the same reintegration type for all channels.

#### 4.2.2 DQ parameters

#### 4.2.2.1 Maximum test period

With this parameter, you specify the time within which the light, dark and switch on tests should be performed throughout the module. When this time expires, the tests are repeated. In case of a fault, the test time is reduced to 60 seconds.

- Use "1000 s", for example, to conserve your actuators.
- Use "100 s" to detect faults more quickly.

The "Maximum test period" parameter is a module parameter, which means the test cycle for the entire fail-safe output module is performed within the configured maximum test time. If the bit pattern test is not performed within the configured time (or the shortened test time of 60 seconds in case of an error), the module goes into the error state.

#### 4.2.2.2 Operating mode of the output

Chooses between PM and PP switching mode for the outputs.

After re-parameterization of the operating mode, the power supply of the F-module must be switched OFF and ON.

#### 4.2.3 Parameters of the channels

#### 4.2.3.1 Diagnostics: Wire break

You can use a wire break test to monitor the connection from the output channel to the actuator.

Selecting this check box enables the wire break monitoring for the relevant channel.

You also have to activate the light test to detect a wire break with an output signal "0".



The diagnostics for wire break of the outputs is not designed for safety-related functions and can therefore not be evaluated for safety-related activities.

#### 4.2.3.2 Channel activated

If you select this check box, the corresponding channel is enabled for signal processing in the safety program.

You can deactivate an unused channel with this parameter.

#### 4.2.3.3 Channel failure acknowledge

#### Use in S7-1500 F-CPUs

This parameter is only relevant if the fail-safe module is operated on an S7-1500 F-CPU, and can only be set if the F-parameter "Behavior after channel fault" is set to "Passivate channel" and the F-parameter "Reintegration after channel fault" is set to "Adjustable".

The value of this parameter specifies how the channel should react to a channel fault:

- Manual: A channel is not reintegrated until after manual acknowledgment.
- Automatically: The channel is reintegrated automatically after a channel fault. Manual acknowledgment is not necessary.

#### Use in S7-300/400 F-CPUs

The value of this parameter is not relevant in the case of operation on S7-300/400 F-CPUs. There you set the corresponding property at the F-I/O DB by means of the ACK\_NEC tag.

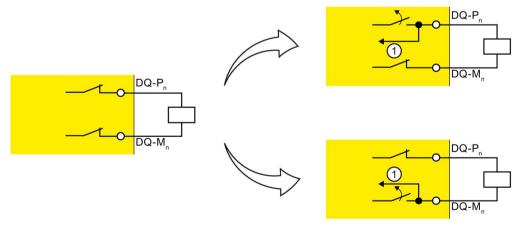
For detailed information about the F-I/O DB, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

#### 4.2.3.4 Max. readback time dark test

#### **Function**

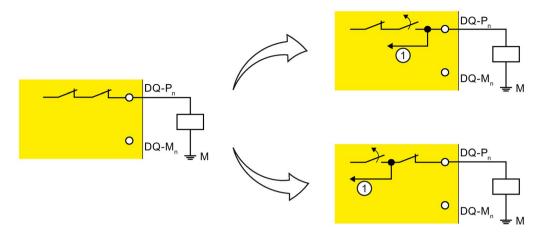
Dark tests are shutdown tests with bit pattern test.

For a dark test, a test signal is switched to the output channel while the output channel is active (output signal "1"). The output channel is then switched off briefly (= "dark period") and read back (for **PM operation**, P- and M-readback, for **PP operation** only PP-readback). A sufficiently slow actuator does not respond to this and remains switched on.



Readback (P-switch and M-switch do not switch simultaneously.)

Image 4-1 Functional principle of the dark test (PM switching)



① Readback (The two P-switches do not switch simultaneously.)

Image 4-2 Functional principle of the dark test (PP switching)

This parameter allows you to set the time for the readback.

If the expected signals could not be read back correctly after expiration of the readback time, the output channel is passivated.

No new process values are switched to the output channels while a bit pattern is still active (switch test is carried out). This means that a higher maximum readback time for the dark test increases the response time of the F-module.



Through the configured readback time dark test, short-circuits (cross-circuits) to a signal with a frequency greater than 1/(2 x configured readback time dark test) Hz cannot be recognized (50:50 sampling ratio).

Short-circuits (cross-circuits) to an output of the same module are recognized.

The parameter also has an effect on the short-circuit detection (cross-circuit) with "1" signal when the output signal is changed from "1" to "0" with the safety program.

#### Setting readback time dark test

Because the fault reaction time is extended by the length of the readback time dark test, we recommend that you set the readback time dark test as low as possible, but high enough that the output channel is not passivated.

In case of the "Connecting a load per digital output, PP switching" (Page 39) application, see the warnings and notes in the section describing the application.

To determine the readback time required for your actuator, refer to the diagram in the section Switching capacitive loads (Page 55).

#### Setting readback time dark test with unknown actuator capacity

If the capacity of the actuator is not known, it may be necessary for you to determine the value for the readback time dark test by trial and error. This may also be necessary due to the part variances in the actuator or external influences.

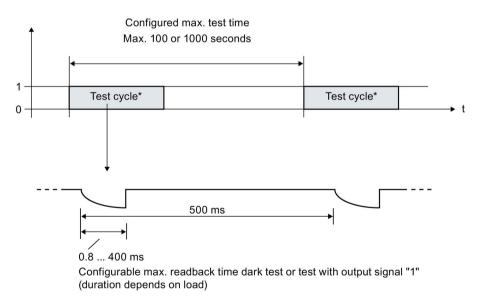
#### Proceed as follows:

- Set the readback time dark test so that the output channel can be read back correctly but your actuator does not respond yet.
- For verification use the process value "1" with a minimum duration that corresponds to the "maximum test time" parameter.
- If the output channel is passivated sporadically, set a higher value for the maximum readback time dark test.
- If the output channel is passivated, the readback time dark test is too small for a connected capacitive load. The discharge cannot take place during the configured readback time dark test. Increase the readback time dark test.

If you have set the readback time dark test to the maximum value of 400 ms and there is still a passivation of the output channel, there is either an external fault or the connected capacity is outside the permitted range.

To increase availability, we recommend that you maintain an interval to the determined limit for the times.

#### Test pulses of the dark test



Output of test pulses only during test cycle.

Image 4-3 Test pulses of the dark test

The interval between two test pulses is 500 ms.

#### 4.2.3.5 Disable dark test for 48 hours

#### Note

Can only be configured for PM operation.

This option allows you to suppress the dark test.

If the channel is permanently active (1) for 48 hours, one dark test pulse is applied at the channel once this time has expired.

You must ensure the signal change from 1 to 0 at the channel yourself within 48 hours to prevent the dark test pulse. This also applies to the operating time if the operating time is < 48 hours. The dark test is suspended for another 48 hours after the signal change from 0 to 1.

The dark test is permanently suppressed if the following condition is met:

• A signal change from 1 to 0 takes place before the 48 hours have expired.



When you use the function "Disable dark test for 48 hours", cross-circuits and other errors are not detected.

Also take into consideration the respective requirements of your product standards regarding error detection time.

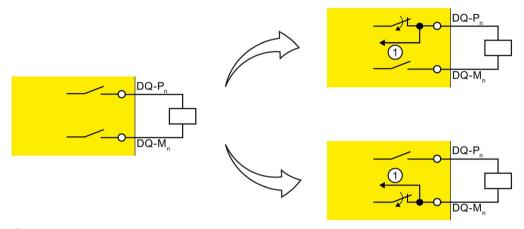
#### 4.2.3.6 Max. readback time switch-on test

#### **Function**

The switch on test is part of the bit pattern test.

#### PM operation

During the switch-on test in PM operation, the P-switch and M-switch of the output channel are alternately closed and read back when the output channel is inactive (output signal "0"). Contrary to the light test, no power flows through the connected load during the switch on test.



#### 1 Readback

Image 4-4 Functional principle of the switch on test (PM switching)



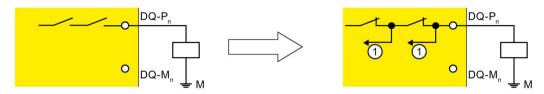
In case of an error, the bit pattern test can apply voltage to the load up to a duration that was configured with the "Maximum readback time switch on test" parameter.

For capacitive loads, it can happen that these are not actively discharged in the event of an error.

Therefore, always configure a maximum readback time that cannot activate the load under any circumstances.

#### PP operation

The M-switch is meaningless during the switch-on test in PP operation. The switch-on test corresponds to the light test and current flows through the load. The light test is always activated in PP operation.



① Readback

Image 4-5 Functional principle of the switch on test (PP switching)

This parameter allows you to set the time for the readback.

If the signal was not read back correctly once the time has expired, the output channel is passivated.

The switch on test detects the following faults:

- Short-circuit to L+ with output signal "0"
- Short-circuit to ground with output signal "0"



Through the configured readback time, short-circuits (cross-circuits) to an interfering signal with a frequency > 1 / (2 x configured readback time) Hz can be suppressed (50:50 sampling ratio).

Short-circuits (cross-circuits) to an output of the same module are recognized.

#### Setting readback time switch on test

Because the fault reaction time is extended by the length of the set readback time, we recommend that you set the readback time as low as possible, but high enough that the output channel is not passivated.

To determine the readback time required for your actuator, refer to the diagram in the section Switching capacitive loads (Page 55).

#### Setting readback time switch on test with unknown actuator capacity

If the capacitance of the actuator is not known, you may have to determine the required value for the readback time switch-on test by trial and error. This may also be necessary due to the part variances in the actuator or external influences.

#### Proceed as follows:

- Set the readback time switch on test in such a way that the output channel can be read back correctly but your actuator does not respond yet.
- For verification use the process value "0" with a minimum duration that corresponds to the "maximum test time" parameter. If you have not configured a light test, continue by changing the process value to "1" after the verification.
- If the output channel is passivated sporadically, set a higher value for the maximum readback time switch on test.
- If the output channel is passivated, the readback time is too small for a connected capacitive load. The charge of the capacitive load cannot take place during the configured readback time. Increase the readback time.

If you have set the readback time to the maximum value of 5 ms and there is still a passivation of the output channel, there is either an external fault or the connected capacity is outside the permitted range.

To increase availability, we recommend that you maintain an interval to the determined limit for the times.

#### 4.2.3.7 **Activated light test**

#### **Function**

Overload and wire break are detected with a 0 signal at the output.

For a light test, a test signal is switched to the output channel while the output channel is inactive (output signal "0"). The output channel is switched on briefly during the light test (= "light period") and read back. A sufficiently slow actuator does not respond to this and remains switched off.

#### PM operation

Readback

In contrast to the switch on test, the P-switch and the M-switch switch at the same time during the light test and power flows through the connected load.

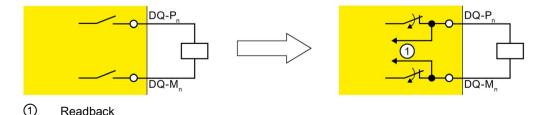
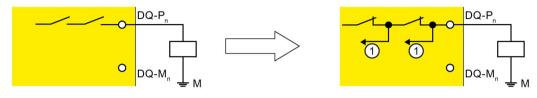


Image 4-6 Functional principle of the light test (PM switching)

#### PP operation

The M-switch is meaningless during the light test in PP operation. The light test corresponds to the switch-on test and current flows through the load. The light test is always activated in PP operation.



① Readback

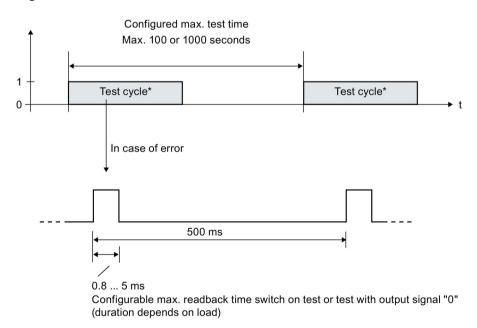
Image 4-7 Functional principle of the light test (PP switching)

If the readback signals are incorrect, the signal is present for the configured readback time at the output channel before the fault causes passivation of the output channel.

If the signal was not read back correctly once the maximum readback time switch on test has expired, the output channel is passivated.

No new process values are switched to the output channels while a bit pattern is still active (switch test is carried out). This means that a higher maximum readback time switch on test for the light test increases the response time of the F-module.

#### Test pulses of the light test



<sup>\*</sup> Output of test pulses only during test cycle. The module cycle is 5 ms.

Image 4-8 Test pulses of the light test

#### 4.3 Address space

A light pulse with the configured duration takes place within the configured maximum test time per output channel.

If a light pulse returns a fault, the same light pulse (which means the same bit pattern) is repeated once after 500 ms. If the fault is still present, the maximum test time is automatically reduced to 60 seconds and a diagnostic message is generated. If the fault is no longer present, the output channel is reintegrated after the next fault-free test cycle.

### 4.3 Address space

#### Address assignment of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

The digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM occupies the following address areas in the F-CPU:

Table 4- 2 Address assignment in the F-CPU

Occupied bytes in the F-CPU:				
F-CPU	In input range	In output range		
S7-300/400 F-CPUs	x + 0 to x + 4	x + 0 to x + 4		
S7-1500 F-CPUs	x + 0 to x + 5	x + 0 to x + 5		

x = Module start address

## Address assignment of the user data and the value status of digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

The user data occupy the following addresses in the F-CPU out of all the assigned addresses of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM:

Table 4-3 Address assignment of user data in the input range

Byte in the		Assigned bits in F-CPU per F-module:						
F-CPU	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IB x + 0	Value sta- tus DQ <sub>7</sub>	Value sta- tus DQ <sub>6</sub>	Value sta- tus DQ <sub>5</sub>	Value sta- tus DQ <sub>4</sub>	Value sta- tus DQ₃	Value sta- tus DQ <sub>2</sub>	Value sta- tus DQ₁	Value sta- tus DQ₀
	(CH7)	(CH6)	(CH5)	(CH4)	(CH3)	(CH2)	(CH1)	(CH0)

x = Module start address

Table 4- 4 Address assignment of user data in the output range

Byte in the		Assigned bits in F-CPU per F-module:						
F-CPU	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
QB x + 0	DQ <sub>7</sub>	DQ <sub>6</sub>	DQ <sub>5</sub>	DQ <sub>4</sub>	DQ <sub>3</sub>	DQ <sub>2</sub>	DQ <sub>1</sub>	$DQ_0$
	(CH7)	(CH6)	(CH5)	(CH4)	(CH3)	(CH2)	(CH1)	(CH0)

x = Module start address

4.3 Address space

#### Note

You may only access the addresses occupied by user data and value status.

The other address areas occupied by the F-modules are assigned for functions including safety-related communication between the F-modules and F-CPU in accordance with PROFIsafe.

#### Additional information

For detailed information about F-I/O access and for evaluation and processing of the value status, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

Applications of the F-I/O module

## 5.1 Applications for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

You achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with the following applications.

The wiring is carried out on the front connector of the module. Refer to the "Wiring" section in the S7-1500 Automation System

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792) system manual.

#### See also

Connecting (Page 15)

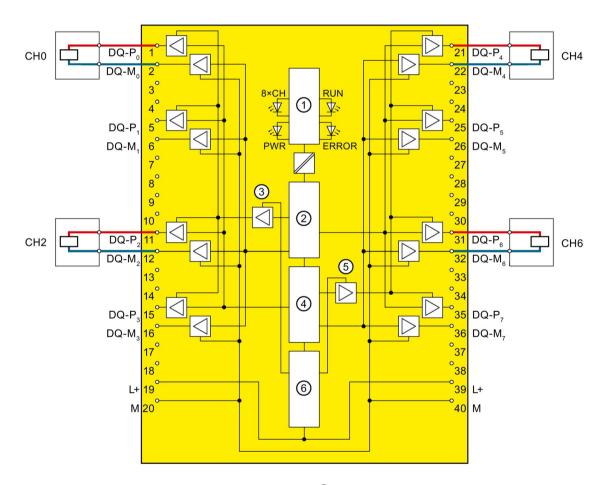
### 5.2 Application: Connecting a load per digital output, PM switching

Each of the 8 fail-safe digital outputs consists of a P-switch DQ-P<sub>n</sub> and an M-switch DQ-M<sub>n</sub>. You connect the load between the P-switch and the M-switch. The two switches are always activated so that voltage is applied to the load. This circuit achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe.

The figure below shows an example of the pin assignment of the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM with connection of one load per digital output, PM switching.

## **A**WARNING

To protect the F-module, always install an external fuse with the following properties for the load circuit: Circuit-breaker 24 V DC/16 A, tripping characteristic type B.



- Backplane bus interface
- ② Microcontroller 1
- 3 P1 switch for channel groups 0 to 3
- 4 Microcontroller 2
- 5 P1 switch for channel groups 4 to 7
- 6 Reverse polarity protection

Image 5-1 Wiring diagram for 1 relay to 1 F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM, PM-switching mode

5.3 Application: Connection of loads per digital output to L+ and M, PM-switching mode

## **A** WARNING

In order to achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with this wiring, you must install a qualified actuator, for example, in accordance with IEC 60947.

#### Parameter assignment

Assign the following parameter for the corresponding channel group:

Table 5- 1 Parameter

Parameter	
Operating mode of the output	PM-switching mode

# 5.3 Application: Connection of loads per digital output to L+ and M, PM-switching mode

You can connect two relays using one fail-safe digital output. The following conditions should be kept in mind:

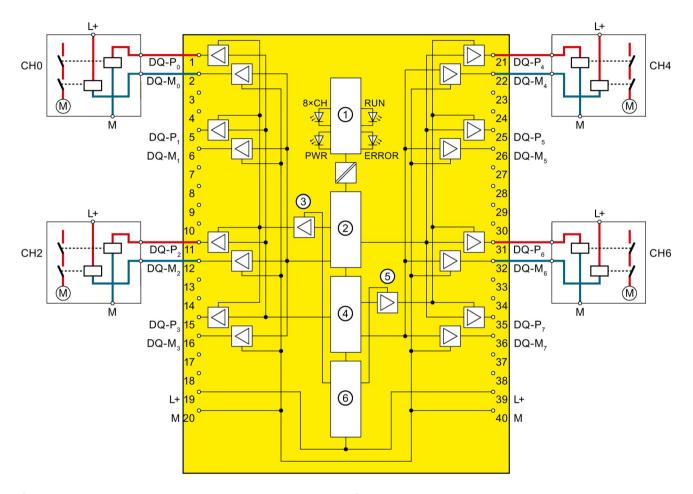
- Same reference potential
- The normally open contacts of the two relays must be connected in series.

This configuration achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe (process status readback required).

The figure below shows an example of the pin assignment of the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM with connection of loads per digital output to L+ and M, PM-switching mode.



To protect the F-module, always install an external fuse with the following properties for the load circuit: Circuit-breaker 24 V DC/16 A, tripping characteristic type B.



- Backplane bus interface
- ② Microcontroller 1
- 3 P1 switch for channel groups 0 to 3
- 4 Microcontroller 2
- 5 P1 switch for channel groups 4 to 7
- 6 Reverse polarity protection

Image 5-2 Wiring diagram for 2 relay to 1 F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM, PM-switching mode

5.3 Application: Connection of loads per digital output to L+ and M, PM-switching mode

## **A**WARNING

When two relays are connected to one digital output, as shown in the figure above, the "wire break" and "overload" faults are detected only at the P-switch of the output (not at the M-switch).

## **M** WARNING

With a cross circuit between P-switch and M-switch of the output, the module detects the fault and switches off the output. But the actuator is still supplied with power due to the external fault

To avoid cross circuits between the P and M-switches of a fail-safe digital output, you should always wire the relay connection to the P and M-switches separately, in order to prevent any cross circuits. For example, as separately sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts.

#### Note

The digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM performs a bit pattern test depending on the parameter assignment. For this, the module outputs up to 5 ms pulses depending on the parameter assignment. This test (switch-on test) is run with a time offset between the P-switch and M-switch to prevent the actuator from being activated. This pulse may cause the corresponding relay to operated, which may reduce its mission time.

We therefore recommend adhering to the wiring scheme described below. See section Application: Connecting 2 loads in parallel per digital output, PM-switching mode (Page 37).

#### Parameter assignment

Assign the following parameter for the corresponding channel group:

Table 5- 2 Parameter

Parameter	
Operating mode of the output	PM-switching mode

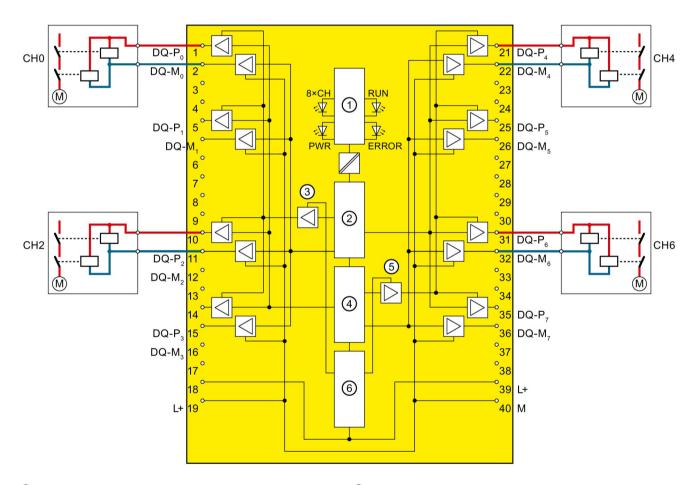
# 5.4 Application: Connecting 2 loads in parallel per digital output, PM-switching mode

To protect against cross-circuits between P-switch and M-switch in fail-safe digital outputs, we recommend the following wiring scheme. This circuit achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe.

The figure below shows an example of the pin assignment of the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM with connection of two parallel loads per digital output, PM-switching mode.



To protect the F-module, always install an external fuse with the following properties for the load circuit: Circuit-breaker 24 V DC/16 A, tripping characteristic type B.



- Backplane bus interface
- ② Microcontroller 1
- 3 P1 switch for channel groups 0 to 3
- 4 Microcontroller 2
- 5 P1 switch for channel groups 4 to 7
- 6 Reverse polarity protection

Image 5-3 Wiring diagram for 2 relays in parallel to 1 F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM, PM-switching mode

5.4 Application: Connecting 2 loads in parallel per digital output, PM-switching mode

### Note

With a parallel connection of two relays on one digital output (as shown above) the "wire break" fault is only detected if the wire break disconnects both relays from P or M. This diagnostics is not safety-related.

### Note

### You can connect several actuators per output.

If several actuators are connected to an output, the diagnostics of each actuator affects the other ones.

### This means:

- A wire break is only signaled when several actuators are affected.
- A single short-circuit affects multiple actuators.

# Parameter assignment

Assign the following parameter for the corresponding channel group:

Table 5-3 Parameter

Parameter	
Operating mode of the output	PM-switching mode

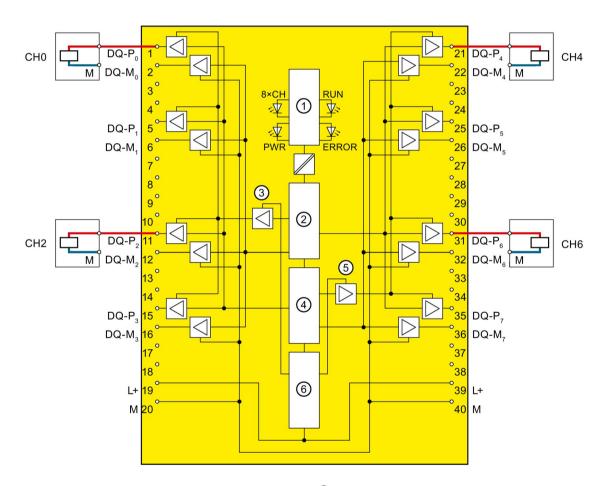
# 5.5 Application: Connecting a load per digital output, PP switching

You connect the load between the P-switch DQ-P<sub>n</sub> and chassis ground in this application. This circuit achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe.

The figure below shows an example of the pin assignment of the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM with connection of one load per digital output, PP switching.

# **A**WARNING

To protect the F-module, always install an external fuse with the following properties for the load circuit: Circuit-breaker 24 V DC/16 A, tripping characteristic type B.



- Backplane bus interface
- ② Microcontroller 1
- ③ P1 switch for channel groups 0 to 3
- 4 Microcontroller 2
- 5 P1 switch for channel groups 4 to 7
- 6 Reverse polarity protection

Image 5-4 Wiring diagram for 1 relay to 1 F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM, PP switching

5.5 Application: Connecting a load per digital output, PP switching



In order to achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with this wiring, you must install a qualified actuator, for example, in accordance with IEC 60947.



In PP operation, the actuator can no longer be shut down if a cross circuit has developed between a positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ. To prevent cross circuits between a positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ, you must route the cables used to connect the actuators in a cross-circuit-proof manner (for example, as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts).



In this application, you have to connect two ground terminals for safety reasons. Otherwise, the maximum residual current at signal "0" (specified in the technical specifications) cannot be maintained if a single ground line is interrupted.



# **WARNING**

# PP operation

In the event of an error at a non-passivated, non-activated output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time ( $T_{cycle}$ ) + max. readback time dark test ( $T_{cycle}$ ).

### Parameter assignment

Assign the following parameter for the corresponding channel group:

Table 5- 4 Parameter

Parameter	
Operating mode of the output	PP switching

Interrupts/diagnostic messages

# 6.1 Status and error displays

# LED displays

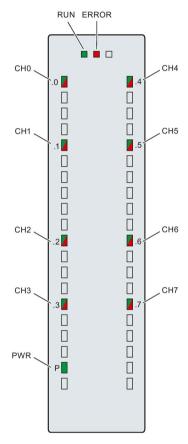


Image 6-1 LED displays of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

# Meaning of the LED displays

The following tables explain the meaning of the status and error displays. Remedies for diagnostic alarms can be found in section Diagnostic alarms (Page 46).



The RUN, ERROR LEDs and channel status/channel diagnostics LEDs of the outputs are not designed as safety-related LEDs and therefore may not be evaluated for safety-related activities.

# **RUN and ERROR LEDs**

Table 6- 1 RUN/ERROR status and error displays

LED		Meaning	Remedy			
RUN	ERROR					
Off	Off	Missing or insufficient voltage on the backplane bus	<ul> <li>Switch on the CPU and/or the system power supply modules.</li> <li>Check whether the module is correctly plugged into the U-connector.</li> <li>Check whether too many modules are plugged in.</li> </ul>			
六 Flashing	Off	Module starts up and flashes up to the valid parameter assignment.				
On	Off	Module parameters are assigned and module addressed.				
Off	<del>洪</del> Flashing	Firmware is being updated.				
On	兴 Flashing	<ul> <li>Indicates diagnostic interrupts:</li> <li>Module fault (for example, supply voltage too high)</li> <li>Channel fault (for example, frequency too high).</li> <li>PROFIsafe communication error</li> <li>Operation in S7-1500 F-CPUs: At least one channel is waiting for user acknowledgment.</li> </ul>	Evaluate the diagnostics and eliminate or acknowledge the error. It may be necessary to remove and re-insert the module.			
<del>┆</del> Flashing	<del>洪</del> Flashing	Hardware defective.	Replace the module.			
洪/ Alternatel		<ul> <li>Operation in S7-1500 F-CPUs: The F-module expects user acknowledgment after a module error.</li> <li>Operation in S7-300/400 F-CPUs: At least one channel is waiting for user acknowledgment.</li> </ul>	Acknowledge the error (see manual SIMATIC Safety - Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126)).			

# **PWR LED**

Table 6- 2 PWR status display

PWR	Meaning
Off	Supply voltage L+ missing
On	Supply voltage L+ available

# **CHx LED**

Table 6-3 Display channel status/channel diagnostics

Status CHx	Diagnos- tics CHx	Meaning
		Process signal = 0 and no channel diagnostics*
Off	Off	
•		Process signal = 1 and no channel diagnostics
On	Off	
	•	Process signal = 0 and channel diagnostics
Off	On	
<b>崇</b>	/	Channel waiting for user acknowledgment
Alternatel	y flashing	

<sup>\*</sup> Operation in S7-300/400 F-CPUs only: If necessary, wait for user acknowledgment, if an additional channel is also waiting for user acknowledgment due to an error that occurred later.

# CHx/ERROR LED with PROFIsafe address assignment

Table 6- 4 Channel status/channel diagnostics/ERROR display with PROFIsafe address assignment

Status CHx	Diagnos- tics CHx	ERROR	Meaning
Off	All on	<mark>兴</mark> Flashing	The PROFIsafe address does not match the configured PROFIsafe address
All are flashing	Off	<del>洪</del> Flashing	Identification of the F-module when assigning the PROFIsafe address

# LED CHx/RUN/ERROR if supply voltage error occurs

Table 6-5 Channel status/channel diagnostics/RUN/ERROR display if supply voltage error occurs

CHx sta- tus	Diagnos- tics CHx	RUN	ERROR	Meaning
			崇	Supply voltage too high or too low.
Off	On	On	Flashing	Operation in S7-1500 F-CPUs: Module is waiting for user acknowledgment.
				Operation in S7-300/400 F-CPUs: Module is automatically reintegrated after the correction of the error.

6.2 Interrupts

# 6.2 Interrupts

## Introduction

The F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM fail-safe digital output module supports diagnostic interrupts.

# Diagnostic interrupt

The F-module generates a diagnostic interrupt for each diagnostic alarm described in section Diagnostic alarms (Page 46).

The table below provides an overview of the diagnostic interrupts of the F-module . The diagnostic interrupts are assigned either to one channel or the entire F-module.



Before acknowledging the short-circuit diagnostic alarm, remedy the respective fault and validate your safety function. Follow the fault remedying procedure described in section Diagnostic alarms (Page 46).

Table 6- 6 Diagnostic interrupts of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

Diagnostic interrupt	Fault	Scope of diag-	Configurable
Out to the second of	code	nostic interrupt	NI-
Overtemperature	5 <sub>D</sub>	F-module	No
Wire break	6 <sub>D</sub>		
Parameter error	16 <sub>D</sub>		
Supply voltage missing	17 <sub>D</sub>		
Safety event	25 <sub>D</sub>		
Mismatch of safety destination address (F_Dest_Add)	64 <sub>D</sub>		
Safety destination address not valid (F_Dest_Add)	65 <sub>D</sub>		
Safety source address not valid (F_Source_Add)	<b>66</b> <sub>D</sub>		
Safety watchdog time value is 0 ms (F_WD_Time)	67 <sub>D</sub>		
Parameter F_SIL exceeds SIL from specific device application	68 <sub>D</sub>		
Parameter F_CRC_Length does not match the generated values	69 <sub>D</sub>		
Version of F-parameter set incorrectly	70 <sub>D</sub>		
CRC1 fault	<b>71</b> <sub>D</sub>		
Save iParameter watchdog time exceeded	<b>73</b> <sub>D</sub>		
Restore iParameter watchdog time exceeded	74 <sub>D</sub>		
Inconsistent iParameters (iParCRC error)	75 <sub>D</sub>		
F_Block_ID not supported	76 <sub>D</sub>		
Transmission error: Inconsistent data (CRC error)	77 <sub>D</sub>		
Transmission error: Timeout (watchdog time 1 or 2 expired)	<b>78</b> <sub>D</sub>		
Module is defective	256 <sub>D</sub>		
Watchdog tripped	259 <sub>D</sub>		
Short-circuit to L+	261 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	Yes
Short-circuit to ground	262 <sub>D</sub>		
Invalid/inconsistent firmware present	283 <sub>D</sub>	F-module	No
Channel failure acknowledgment	779 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	
F-address memory not accessible	<b>781</b> <sub>D</sub>	F-module	
Frequency too high	785 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	
Undertemperature	786 <sub>D</sub>	F-module	
Output defective	797 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	No
Read back failure	798 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	
Overload	800 <sub>D</sub>	Channel	
Supply voltage too high	801 <sub>D</sub>	F-module	
Supply voltage too low	802 <sub>D</sub>	F-module	

# 6.3 Diagnostic alarms

# Diagnostic alarms

Module faults are indicated as diagnostics (module status).

### Note

# You can connect several actuators per output.

If several actuators are connected to an output, the diagnostics of each actuator affects the other ones.

### This means:

- A wire break is only signaled when several actuators are affected.
- A single short-circuit affects multiple actuators.

Once the fault is eliminated, the F-module must be reintegrated in the safety program. For additional information on passivation and reintegration of F-I/O, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

Table 6-7 Diagnostic alarms of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

Diagnostic alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Remedy
Overtemperature	5 <sub>D</sub>	An excessively high temperature was measured in the F-module.	Operate the F-module within the specified temperature range (see Technical specifications (Page 51))
			Once the temperature has been reduced and returns to the specified range, the F-module must be removed and inserted or the power switched OFF and ON.
Wire break	6 <sub>D</sub>	<ul> <li>Possible causes:</li> <li>There is an interrupted cable between the module and actuator.</li> <li>The channel is not connected (open).</li> <li>A short-circuit exists.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish a cable connection.</li> <li>Disable the wire break detection for the channel in the parameter assignment.</li> <li>Eliminate the short-circuit.</li> </ul>
Parameter error	16 <sub>D</sub>	Parameter errors include:  The F-module cannot use the parameters (unknown, invalid combination, etc.).  The F-module parameters have not been configured.	Correct the parameter assignment.

Diagnostic alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Remedy
Supply voltage missing	17 <sub>D</sub>	Missing or insufficient supply voltage L+	<ul> <li>Check supply voltage L+ at the front connector</li> <li>Check the front connector</li> </ul>
Safety event	25 <sub>D</sub>	For safety purposes, channel was switched off due to an error on another channel.  Possible causes:  A short-circuit exists.  The capacitive load is too high (PPswitching operation).	<ul> <li>Correct the process wiring.</li> <li>Increase the test times (dark, light, switch-on tests).</li> </ul>
Mismatch of safety destination address (F_Dest_Add)	64 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a different F-destination address.	Check the parameter assignment of the PROFIsafe driver and the
Safety destination address not valid (F_Dest_Add)	65 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected an illegal different F-destination address.	PROFIsafe address assigned to the F-module.  • Assign the PROFIsafe address to
Safety source address not valid (F_Source_Add)	<b>66</b> <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a different F-source address.	the F-module (again).
Safety watchdog time value is 0 ms (F_WD_Time)	<b>67</b> <sub>□</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected an invalid watchdog time.	
Parameter F_SIL exceeds SIL from specific device application	68 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a discrepancy between the SIL setting of the communication and the application.	
Parameter F_CRC_Length does not match the generated values	69 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a discrepancy in the CRC length.	
Version of F-parameter set incorrectly	70 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected an incorrect F_Par_Version or an invalid F_Block_ID.	
CRC1 fault	<b>71</b> <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected inconsistent F-parameters.	
Save iParameter watchdog time exceeded	73 <sub>D</sub>	iPar server does not respond to "save IPar" within 4.4 minutes.	Check the configuration/parameter assignment of the iPar server.
Restore iParameter watch- dog time exceeded	<b>74</b> <sub>D</sub>	iPar server does not respond to "restore IPar" within 4.4 minutes.	Check the configuration/parameter assignment of the iPar server.
Inconsistent iParameters (iParCRC error)	75 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected inconsistent iParameters.	Check the parameter assignment.
F_Block_ID not supported	76 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected an incorrect block ID.	Check the parameter assignment of the PROFIsafe driver.

# 6.3 Diagnostic alarms

Diagnostic alarm	Fault code	Meaning		Remedy
Transmission error: Inconsistent data (CRC error)	77 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a CRC error. Possible causes:	•	Check the communication connection between the F-module and F-CPU.
		The communication between the F- CPU and F-module is disturbed.	•	Eliminate the electromagnetic interference.
		Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present.		
		An error occurred in the sign-of-life monitoring.		
Transmission error: Timeout (watchdog time 1 or 2 expired)	78 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware of the F-module has detected a timeout.  Possible causes:  The F-monitoring time is set incorrectly.	•	Check the parameter assignment. Ensure that communication is functioning correctly.
		A bus fault is present.		
Module is defective	256 <sub>D</sub>	Possible causes:     Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present.	•	Eliminate the interference. The module must then be pulled and plugged, or the power switched OFF and ON.
		The F-module has detected an inter- nal error and has reacted in a safety- related manner.	•	If the F-module cannot be put back into operation, consider replacing it.
Watchdog tripped	259 <sub>D</sub>	Possible causes:		
		Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present.	•	Eliminate the interference. The module must then be pulled and plugged, or the power switched OFF and ON.
		The F-module has detected an inter- nal error and has reacted in a safety- related manner.	•	If the F-module cannot be put back into operation, consider replacing it.
Short-circuit to L+	261 <sub>D</sub>	Short-circuit to L+ can mean:		
		<ul> <li>The output cable is short-circuited to L+.</li> <li>The capacitive load between the channels is too high (for example, due to cable length)</li> <li>You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.</li> </ul>	•	Correct the process wiring. Increase the test times (dark, light, switch-on tests).

Diagnostic alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Remedy
Short-circuit to ground	262 <sub>D</sub>	Short-circuit to ground can mean:	Correct the process wiring.
		<ul> <li>The output cable is short-circuited to ground.</li> <li>The output signal is short-circuited to</li> </ul>	Increase the test times (dark, light, switch-on tests).
		<ul><li>ground.</li><li>There is a short-circuit between two output channels.</li></ul>	
		The capacitive load is too high. You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.	
Invalid/inconsistent firmware present	283 <sub>D</sub>	The firmware is incomplete and/or firmware added to the F-module is incompatible. This leads to errors or functional limitations when operating the F-module.	<ul> <li>Perform a firmware update for all parts of the F-module and note any error messages.</li> <li>Use only firmware versions released for this F-module.</li> </ul>
Channel failure acknowl- edgment	779 <sub>D</sub>	A channel fault was detected. Confirmation is required to enable the channel.	Confirm the channel fault.
F-address memory not accessible	781 <sub>D</sub>	The F-source address and F-destination address stored in the coding element cannot be accessed.	Verify that the coding element is present or replace the coding element.
Frequency too high	785 <sub>D</sub>	The maximum switching frequency of the F-module has been exceeded.	Reduce the switching frequency (see Technical specifications (Page 51))
Undertemperature	786 <sub>D</sub>	The minimum permissible temperature limit has been violated.	Operate the F-module within the specified temperature range (see Technical specifications (Page 51))
Output defective	797□	The F-module has detected an internal error.  You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.  Possible causes:  The capacitive load is too high.  Short-circuit to L+ or M  The F-module has detected an internal error and has reacted in a safety-related manner.	<ul> <li>Increase the test times (dark, light, switch-on tests).</li> <li>Check the wiring.</li> <li>Consider replacing the F-module.</li> </ul>

### 6.3 Diagnostic alarms

Diagnostic alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Remedy
Read back failure	798 <sub>D</sub>	The F-module has detected an internal error.	Increase the test times (dark, light, switch-on tests).
		You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.	If the error continues, consider replacing the F-module.
		Possible causes:	
		Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present.	
		The capacitive load is too high.	
		The F-module has detected an inter- nal error and has reacted in a safety- related manner.	
Overload	800 <sub>D</sub>	The maximum permissible output current	Check the process wiring.
		has been exceeded. The output stage has been switched off.	Reduce the load or the load cur- rent.
		You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.	rent.
		Possible causes:	
		A short-circuit exists.	
		The connected load is too high.	
Supply voltage too high	801 <sub>D</sub>	The supply voltage is too high.	Check the supply voltage.
Supply voltage too low	802 <sub>D</sub>	The supply voltage is too low.	Check the supply voltage.

# Supply voltage outside the nominal range

If the supply voltage L+ is outside the specified value range, the ERROR LED flashes and the module is passivated.

When the voltage is then recovered (level must remain within the specified value for at least 1 minute, see Technical specifications (Page 51)), the ERROR LED stops flashing. The module remains passivated and waits for user acknowledgment.

# Generally applicable information on diagnostics

Information on diagnostics that pertains to all fail-safe modules (for example, readout of diagnostics functions or passivation of channels) is available in the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

Technical specifications

# Technical specifications of F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM

	6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0
General information	
Product type designation	F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM
Firmware version	
FW update possible	Yes
Product function	
I&M data	Yes; I&M0 to I&M3
Engineering with	
STEP 7 TIA Portal can be configured/integrated	V13 SP1 with HSP0086
as of version	
Operating mode	
DQ	Yes
Supply voltage	
Rated value (DC)	24 V
Low limit of permitted range (DC)	19.2 V
High limit of permitted range (DC)	28.8 V
Reverse polarity protection	Yes
Input current	
Current consumption (rated value)	110 mA; without load
Output voltage	
Rated value (DC)	24 V
Power	
Power consumption from the backplane bus	0.8 W
Power loss	
Power loss, typ.	11 W
Address range	
Address space per module	
Address space per module, max.	6 byte
Digital outputs	
Number of outputs	8
M switching	Yes
P switching	Yes
Short-circuit protection	Yes
Wire break detection	Yes
Response threshold, typ.	8 mA
Overload protection	Yes
Response threshold, typ.	2.9 A
Voltage induced on current interruption limited to	PM switching: -24 V + (-47 V), PP switching: -24 V

	0507500 00500 0400	
Switching conceits of outrotte	6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0	
Switching capacity of outputs	0.4	
With resistive load, max.	2 A	
With lamp load, max.	10 W	
Load resistance range		
Low limit	12 Ω	
High limit	2000 Ω	
Output voltage		
For "1" signal, min.	24 V; L+ (-0.5 V)	
Output current		
For "1" signal, rated value	2 A	
For "0" signal, residual current, max.	0.5 mA; PP switching or separate P and M-switch, PM-switching: max. 1 mA	
Switching frequency		
With resistive load, max.	30 Hz	
With inductive load, max.	0.1 Hz	
With lamp load, max.	10 Hz	
Total current of outputs		
Max. current per channel	2 A	
Total current of the outputs (per module)		
Horizontal mounting position		
• Up to 40 °C, max.	16 A	
•		
• Up to 60 °C, max.	8 A	
Vertical mounting position		
• Up to 40 °C, max.	8 A	
Cable length		
shielded, max.	1000 m	
unshielded, max.	500 m	
Interrupts/diagnostics/status information		
Fail-safe values can be switched to	No	
Interrupts		
Diagnostic interrupt	Yes	
Diagnostic alarms		
Diagnostics	Yes	
Monitoring of supply voltage	Yes	
Wire break	Yes	
Short-circuit	Yes	
Group error	Yes	
Diagnostics display LED		
RUN LED	Yes; green LED	
ERROR LED	Yes; red LED	
Monitoring of the supply voltage (PWR-LED)	Yes	
Channel status display	Yes; green LED	
For channel diagnostics	Yes; red LED	
For module diagnostics	Yes; red LED	

	6ES7526-2BF00-0AB0
Electrical isolation	
Electrical isolation, channels	
Between channels	No
Between channels and backplane bus	Yes
Insulation	
Insulation test voltage	707 VDC (type test)
Standards, approvals, certificates	
Maximum achievable safety class in safety mode	
Performance level according to EN ISO 13849-1:2008	PLe
SIL according to IEC 61508	SIL 3
Low demand mode: PFDavg according to SIL3	< 6.00E-05
High demand/continuous mode: PFH according to SIL3	< 2.00E-09 1/h
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature in operation	
Horizontal installation, min.	0 °C
Horizontal installation, max.	60 °C
Vertical installation, min.	0 °C
Vertical installation, max.	40 °C
Dimensions	
Width	35 mm
Height	147 mm
Depth	129 mm
Weights	
Weight, approx.	300 g

## Note

To reach the maximum cable length, it may be necessary to increase the settings for maximum readback time switch on test or maximum read-back time dark test.

We also recommend a more detailed consideration of the boundary conditions, such as EMC, cables used, cable guide, etc.

# **Dimension drawing**

See system manual S7-1500 Automation System (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792).

Response times A

### Introduction

The next section shows the response times of the digital output module F-DQ 8×24VDC/2A PPM. The response times of digital output module F-DQ 8×24VDC/2A PPM are included in the calculation of the F-system response time.

# Definition of response time for fail-safe digital outputs

The response time represents the interval between an incoming safety message frame from the backplane bus and the signal change at the digital output.

# Times required for the calculation

- Max. cycle time: T<sub>cycle</sub> = 5 ms
- Max. acknowledgment time (Device Acknowledgment Time): T<sub>DAT</sub> = 10 ms

The maximum response time in the case of fault (One Fault Delay Time, OFDT) is equivalent to the maximum response time with no faults (Worst Case Delay Time, WCDT).

Assign the parameters for maximum readback time dark test (Maximum Readback Time,  $T_{rb}$ ) and a maximum readback time switch-on test (Maximum Readback Time Switch-On Test,  $T_{rb \ swon}$ ) in STEP 7.

Maximum response time with no faults (Worst Case Delay Time, WCDT)

t <= 3 \* cycle time + max (T<sub>rb</sub>, T<sub>rb swon</sub>)

Maximum response time with detection of a channel fault by readback

 $t \le 4 * \text{ cycle time} + 2 * \text{ max} (T_{rb}, T_{rb\_swon})$ 

Maximum response time with detection of a channel fault by bit pattern test

t <= 2 \* cycle time + maximum test time

Maximum response time with detection of a wire break at "1" signal

t <= 3 \* cycle time + 1000 ms (wire break detection) + max (T<sub>rb</sub>, T<sub>rb\_swon</sub>)

Maximum response time with detection of an overload at "1" signal

 $t \le 4 * \text{ cycle time} + \text{max} (T_{rb}, T_{rb \text{ swon}})$ 

Maximum response time with detection of an overload or wire break at "0" signal and light test activated.

t <= 2 \* cycle time + maximum test time

Switching of loads

# B.1 Connecting capacitive loads

If an F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM digital output module is interconnected with loads that require little current and have capacitance, this can lead to detection of a short-circuit or overload. Reason: The capacitance cannot be sufficiently discharged or charged during the configured readback time of the bit pattern test.

The typical trends shown in the two figures below represent the correlation between load impedance and maximum switched load capacitance at a supply voltage of 24 V DC.

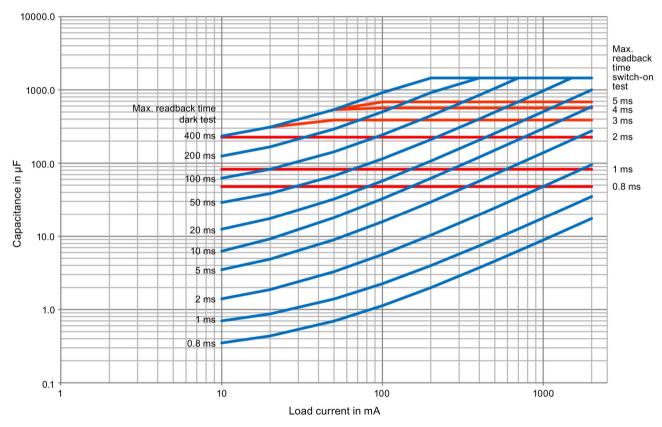


Image B-1 Switching of capacitive loads for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM digital output module in PM-switching mode depending on the configured dark and light test times

### B.1 Connecting capacitive loads

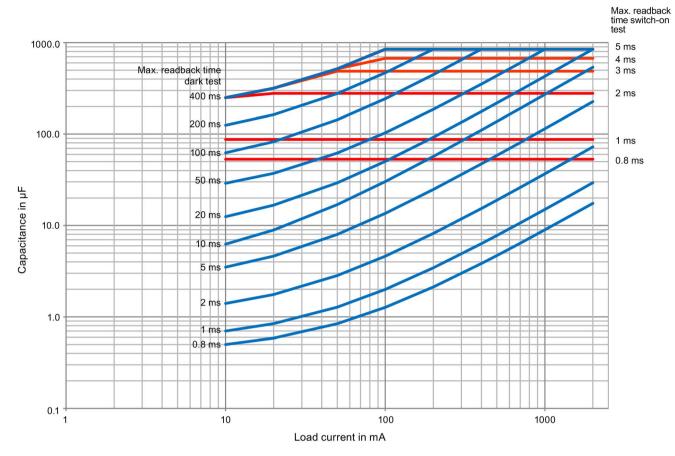


Image B-2 Switching of capacitive loads for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM digital output module in PP-switching mode depending on the configured dark and light test times

The trends shown were plotted using a SIMATIC PS 307 10A power supply unit with a cable length of 25 m (cable cross-section of 1.5 mm²) between the output of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/2A PPM output module and the load.

# Note

The maximum readback time switch on test is only relevant if the light test is activated.

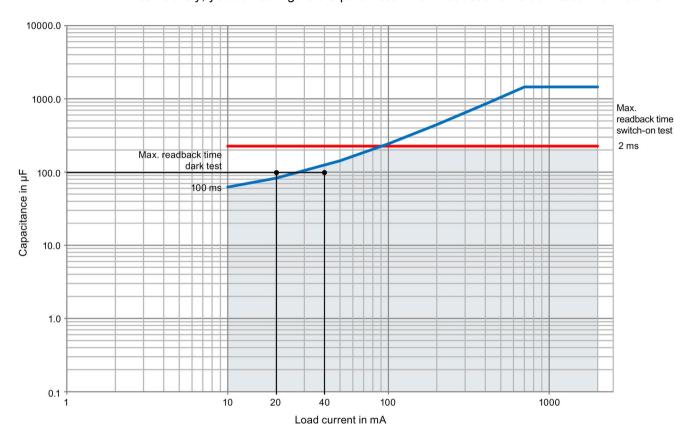
## Remedy for detecting a short-circuit

- 1. Determine the load current and capacitance of the load.
- 2. Locate the operating point in the diagram above.
- 3. If the operating point is above the trend, select an actuator with higher current consumption so that the new operating point is below the curve.

# Example

You have set a dark test time of 100 ms, a light test time of 2 ms and the PM-switching mode. You have set the load current to 20 mA and the capacity to 100  $\mu$ F. The operating point is thus outside the range defined by the two trends (gray background).

Solution: Select an actuator with higher current consumption. In this example, 40 mA. Alternatively, you can configure the parameter "Max. readback time dark test" with 200 ms.



# B.2 Switching of inductive loads

# Switching of inductive loads

Use the switchgear for control and auxiliary circuits according to the utilization category DC-13 in accordance with IEC 60947-5-1:2014.

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(2011-08-01)

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